



New measures ease travel for foreigners

Mainland China has implemented five new measures aimed at simplifying the process for foreign nationals wishing to visit the mainland for business, education or tourism purposes. The initiatives include relaxing the requirements for foreigners applying for port visas; exempting foreign nationals transiting through nine international airports in the mainland from border inspection procedures; and the provision of re-entry visas for foreigners who need to enter and exit the mainland multiple times. (National Immigration Administration)



Guangzhou launches measures to optimise foreign investment

Guangzhou has unveiled new measures to optimise the business environment for foreign investment, aiming to attract more foreign capital in industries such as advanced manufacturing and modern services. The measures include easing restrictions on foreign investors' access to the city's service industries and speeding up the realisation of foreign investment projects in the biomedical field. (<u>GD Today</u>)



Nansha to relax market access for multiple industries

Three authorities, including the National Development and Reform Commission, have jointly announced 15 measures to relax market access in Guangzhou's Nansha District for sectors such as technology, finance and the service trade. In addition, a world-class system for cross-border investment and the financing of enterprises will be developed in conjunction with Hong Kong and Macao. (China Daily)



Guangdong and Hong Kong have co-published a new manual that will help businesses in the Greater Bay Area better understand the competition law regimes in the two places. The Competition Compliance Manual for Businesses in Guangdong and Hong Kong will also provide enterprises with guidance relating to business conduct.

(Competition Compliance Manual for Businesses in Guangdong and Hong Kong)



Mainland adjusts tariffs on selected imports and exports

Effective 1 January, Mainland China has adjusted the tariff rates on selected imports and exports. Specifically, provisional import tariffs have been implemented on 1,010 commodities that are lower than the most-favoured-nation rates. These commodities include resources that are in short supply in the mainland along with critical equipment and components. (Xinhua)